

Anaesthesia



includes 12 articles

Special supplement on the brain, January 2022



Arrow K. et al. Implications of nocebo in anaesthesia care

The opportunity for anaesthetists to embrace the evidence around nocebo will allow for phrases such as 'bee sting' and 'sharp scratch' to be thought of as clumsy verbal relics of the past.



Stubbs D.J. et al.

Chronic subdural haematoma: the role of peri-operative medicine in a common form of reversible brain injury

Cases of chronic brain haemorrhage (subdural haematoma) have increased up to six-fold and those requiring surgical treatment are predicted to rise by 50%



Evered L. et al.

Acute peri-operative neurocognitive disorders: a narrative review

Delirium after surgery is associated with increased morbidity and mortality, decreased independence and an increased risk of dementia and has been estimated to cost approximately £32,234 (\$43,924; €37,996) per patient, per year.



Kayambankadzanja R.K. et al.

Pragmatic sedation strategies to prevent secondary brain injury in low-resource settings

The World Health Organization estimates that 90% of global deaths caused by injuries occur in low- and middle-income countries, with traumatic brain injury contributing up to half of these traumarelated deaths.



White L. et al.

Delirium and COVID-19: a narrative review of emerging evidence

The incidence of delirium in hospitalised patients with COVID-19 is approximately 24% but in patients in ICU the incidence is > 50%.



Dinsmore J. E. et al

WILEY

Anaesthesia for mechanical thrombectomy: a narrative review

Over 113,000 patients in the UK suffer a stroke each year, and there are 1.2 million stroke survivors with a socio-economic burden of £25.6 billion. The number of strokes is projected to increase by 60% between 2015 and 2035, with societal costs almost triple those of current costs.



Dinsmore M. at al.

Clinical applications of point-of-care ultrasound in brain injury: a narrative review

Point-of-care ultrasound of the brain is an effective, non-invasive, safe and readily available technique for the rapid assessment of cerebral anatomy and cerebral haemodynamics in patients with acute brain injuries.



Migdady I. et al.

Management of status epilepticus: a narrative

Prolonged seizures are associated with irreversible neuronal injury resulting in increased morbidity and mortality. Early seizure control, particularly in the first 1-2 h of convulsive status epilepticus improves outcomes.



Swarbrick C. J. et al.

Evidence-based strategies to reduce the incidence of postoperative delirium: a narrative review

Delirium is defined as a state of acute confusion that is commonly reversible and preventable in approximately 40% of cases.



Management of traumatic brain injury: a narrative review of current evidence

Globally, approximately 70 million people sustain traumatic brain injury each year and this can have significant physical, psychosocial and economic consequences for patients, their families and



Chung C. K. E. et al.

Peri-operative neurological monitoring with electroencephalography and cerebral oximetry:

Monitoring cerebral oxygenation and EEG may best serve as key components of a management bundle to identify vulnerable patients and to optimise intra-operative variables.



Yim R. L. H. et al.

Peri-operative management of patients with Parkinson's disease

Parkinson's disease is a neurodegenerative disorder with multisystem manifestations affecting > 6.1 million people worldwide and its prevalence has more than doubled between 1990 and 2016.









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Review Article

Management of traumatic brain injury in the nonneurosurgical intensive care unit: a narrative review of current evidence

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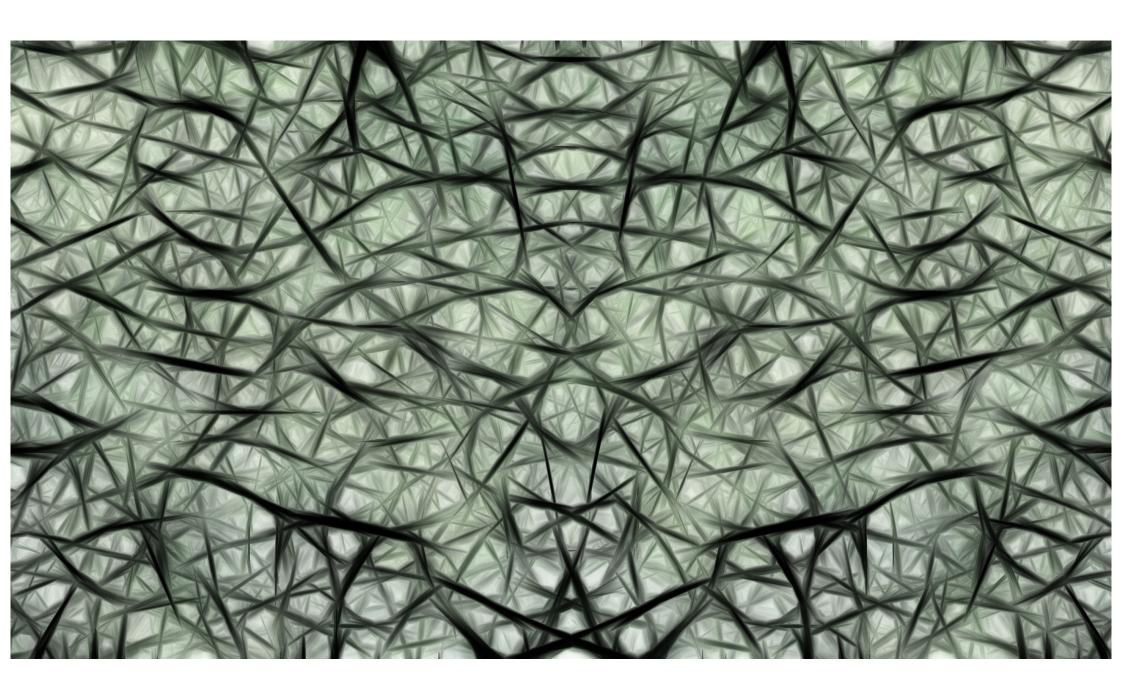
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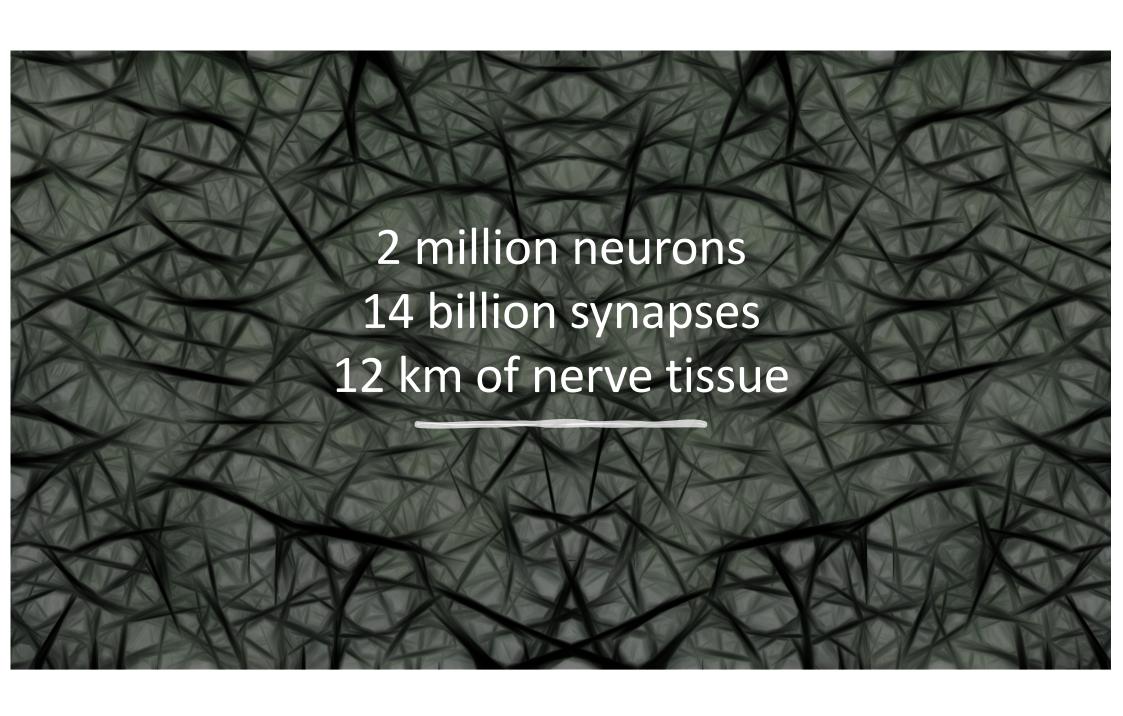
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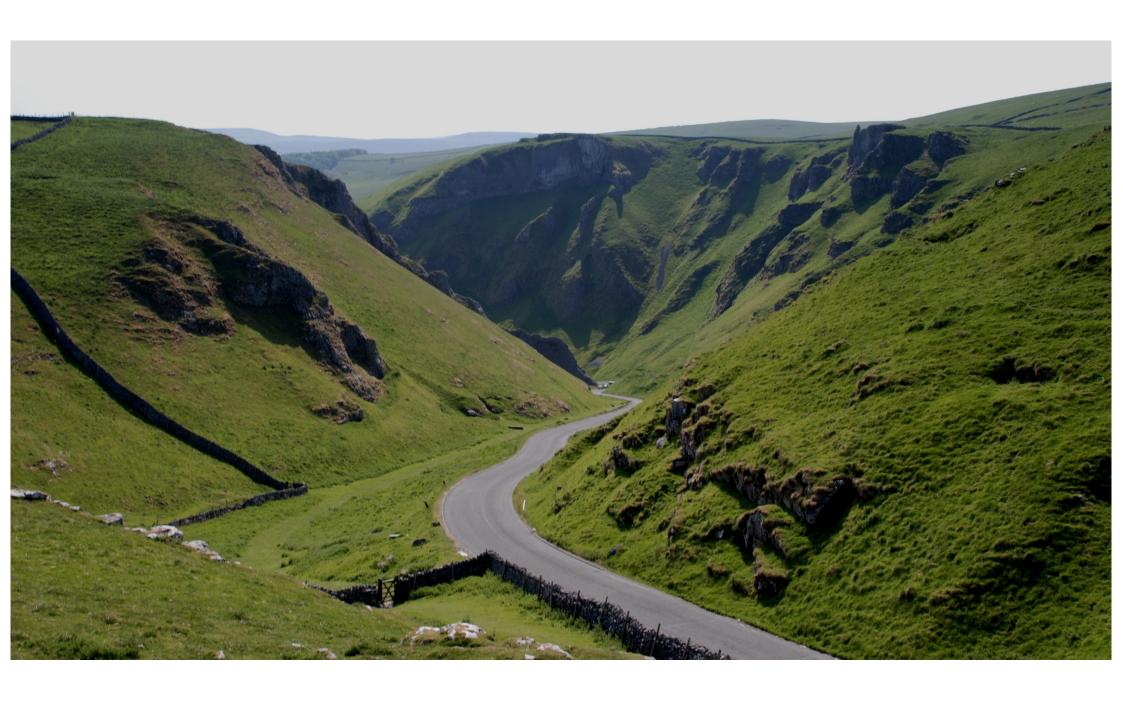
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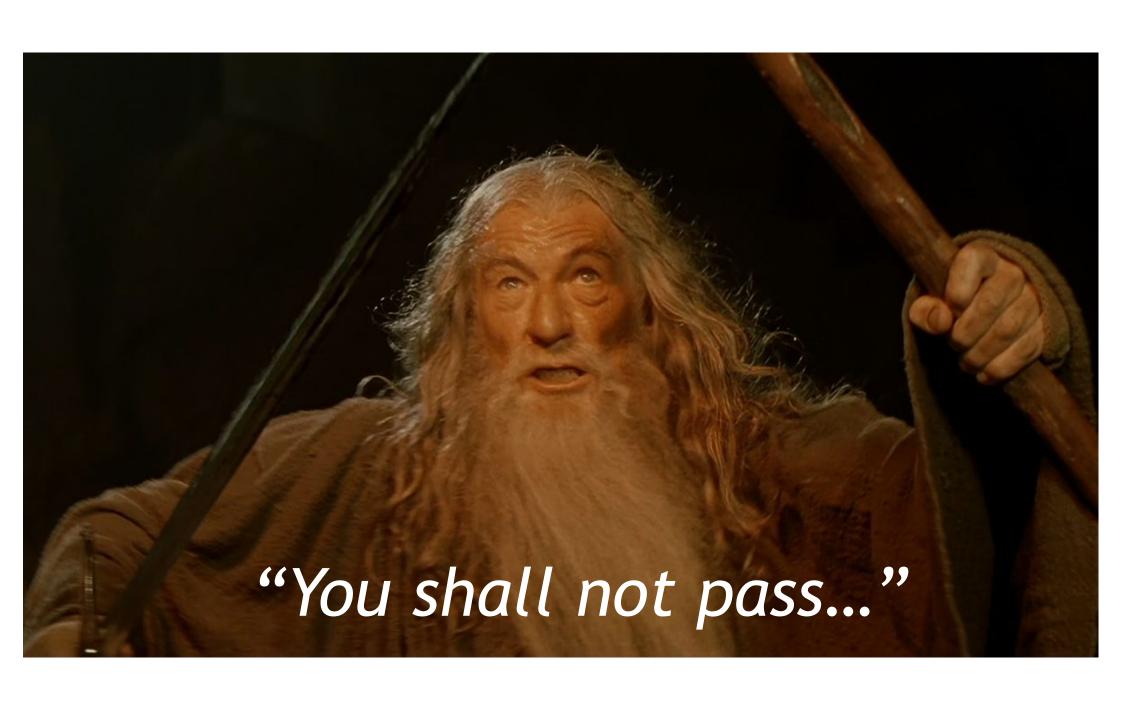
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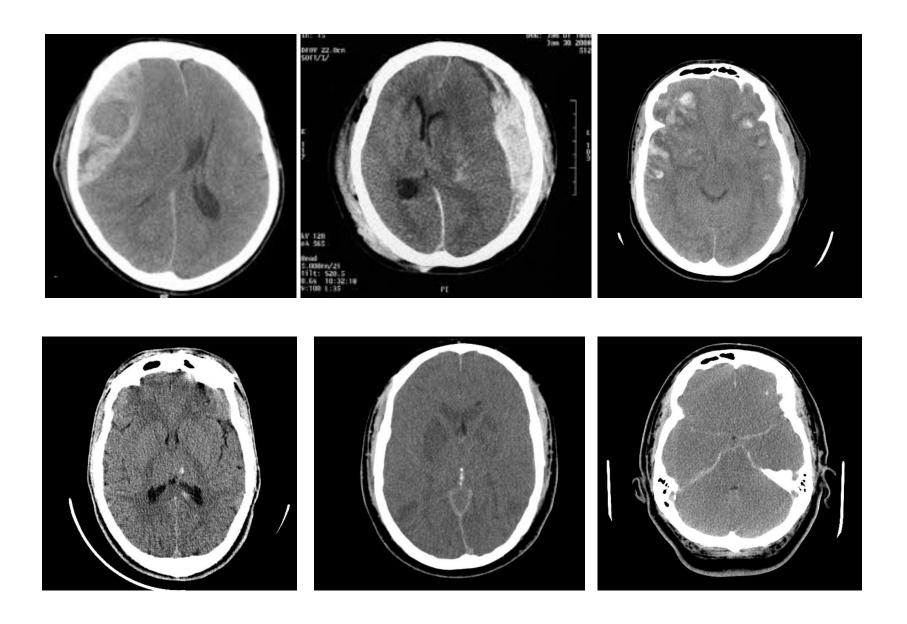
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MANAGEMENT OF PERCEIVED DEVASTATING BRAIN INJURY AFTER HOSPITAL ADMISSION

A Consensus Statement

The Faculty of Intensive Care Medicine



